

# Density Ratio Estimation: A New Versatile Tool for Machine Learning

Masashi Sugiyama

Department of Computer Science, Tokyo Institute of Technology

A new general framework of statistical data processing based on the ratio of probability densities has been proposed recently and gathers a great deal of attention in the machine learning and data mining communities [1–17]. This density ratio framework includes various statistical data processing tasks such as non-stationarity adaptation [18, 1, 2, 4, 13], outlier detection [19–21, 6], and conditional density estimation [22–24, 15]. Furthermore, mutual information—which plays a central role in information theory [25]—can also be estimated via density ratio estimation. Since mutual information is a measure of statistical independence between random variables [26–28], density ratio estimation can be used also for variable selection [29, 7, 11], dimensionality reduction [30, 16], and independent component analysis [31, 12].

Accurately estimating the density ratio is a key issue in the density ratio framework. A naive approach is to estimate each density separately and then take the ratio of the estimated densities. However, density estimation is known to be a hard problem and thus this two-step approach may not be accurate in practice. A promising approach would be to estimate the density ratio directly without going through density estimation. Several direct density ratio estimation methods have been proposed so far, including kernel mean matching [3], logistic regression [32, 33, 5], the Kullback-Leibler importance estimation procedure [8, 9], least-squares importance fitting [10, 17], and unconstrained least-squares importance fitting [10, 17]. Note that the importance refers to the density ratio, derived from *importance sampling* [34]. Furthermore, a density ratio estimation method incorporating dimensionality reduction has also been developed [35], which is shown to be useful in high-dimensional cases. A review of the density ratio framework is available in [36].

The density ratio approach was shown to be useful in various real-world applications including brain-computer interface [4, 37], robot control [38–41, 15], speaker identification [42, 43], natural language processing [14], bioinformatics [11], visual inspection of precision instruments [44], spam filtering [5], and HIV therapy screening [45].

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